



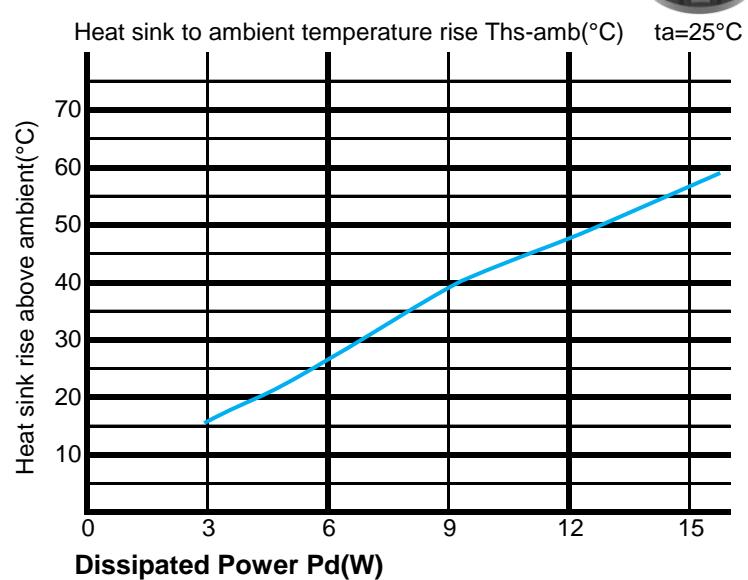
xLED

xLED-70 Series  $\Phi 70\text{mm}$  Material AL1070 Pin Fin Heat Sinks Thermal Data

### The thermal data table

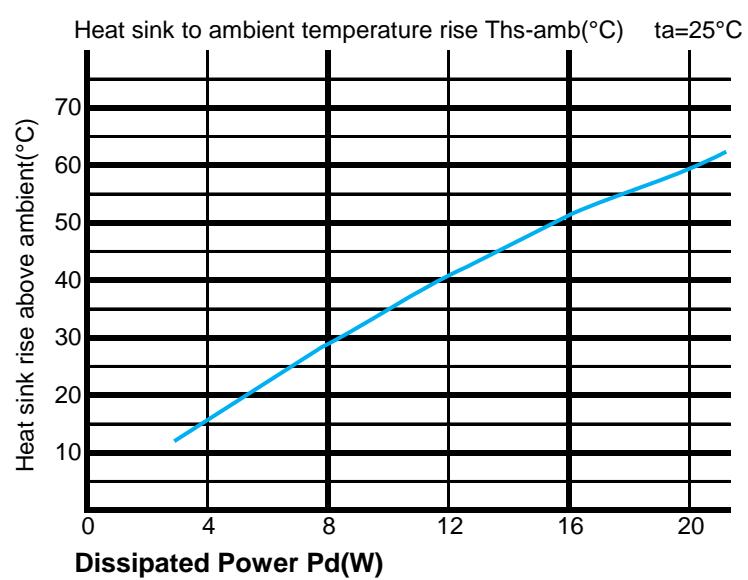
#### xLED-7030 thermal data

Dissipated Power Pd(W)	Pd = Pe x (1- $\eta L$ )	Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance Rhs-amb (°C/W)	Heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb (°C)
	xLED-7030	xLED-7030	
3	3	5.67	17
	6	4.67	28
	9	4.44	40
	12	4.08	49
	15	3.87	58



#### xLED-7050 thermal data

Dissipated Power Pd(W)	Pd = Pe x (1- $\eta L$ )	Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance Rhs-amb (°C/W)	Heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb (°C)
	xLED-7050	xLED-7050	
4	4	4.25	17
	8	3.75	30
	12	3.42	41
	16	3.25	52
	20	3	60





xLED

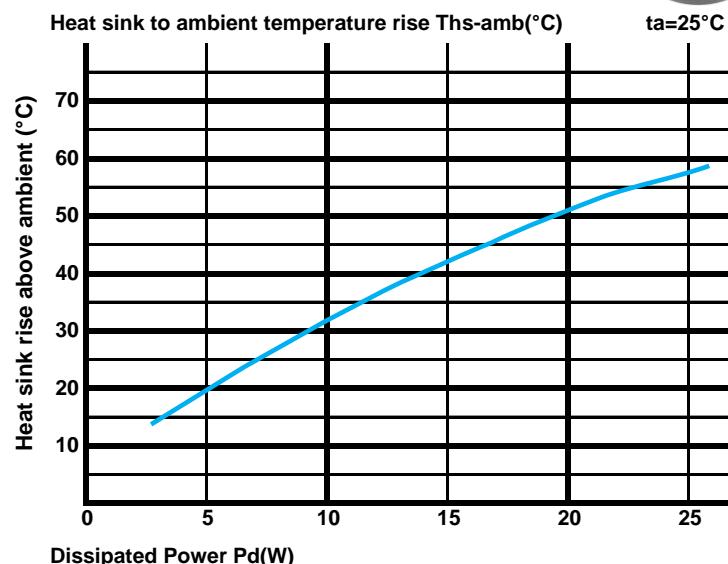
xLED-70 Series  $\Phi 70\text{mm}$  Material AL1070 Pin Fin Heat Sinks Thermal Data

### The thermal data table



xLED-7080 thermal data

Dissipated Power Pd(W)	Pd = Pe x (1-ηL)	Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance Rhs-amb (°C/W)	Heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb (°C)
	xLED-7080	xLED-7080	xLED-7080
5.0	4.00	20.0	
10.0	3.20	32.0	
15.0	2.87	43.0	
20.0	2.55	51.0	
25.0	2.32	58.0	



\* Please be aware the dissipated power Pd is not the same as the electrical power Pe of a LED module.

\*To calculate the dissipated power please use the following formula:  $Pd = Pe \times (1-\eta L)$ .

Pd - Dissipated power ; Pe - Electrical power ; ηL = Light efficiency of the LED module;

\*The aluminum substrate side of the package outer shell is thermally connected to the heat sink via TIM (Thermal interface material).

MingFa recommends the use of a high thermal conductive interface between the LED module and the LED cooler.

Either thermal grease,A thermal pad or a phase change thermal pad thickness 0.1-0.15mm is recommended.

